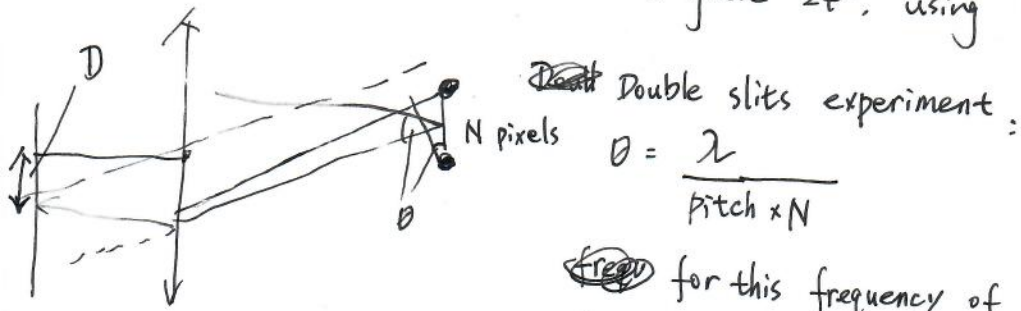


① decide the frequency plane size S (corresponding to 2D discrete FFT calculation)
~~from~~ from optical calculation (ignore 24°, using small angle approximation)



~~freq~~ for this frequency of double slit, N pixels gap the corresponding ~~frequency~~ frequency location in frequency plane is D ,

$$D = \theta \cdot f = \frac{\lambda \cdot f}{\text{pitch} \times N}$$

$$D = M (\text{pixel}) \times \text{pitch}$$

$$M = \frac{\lambda \cdot f}{\text{pitch}^2 \times N}$$

for $N=1$

$$M = \cancel{2756} 2768.6 \text{ pixel}$$

Verified in experiment

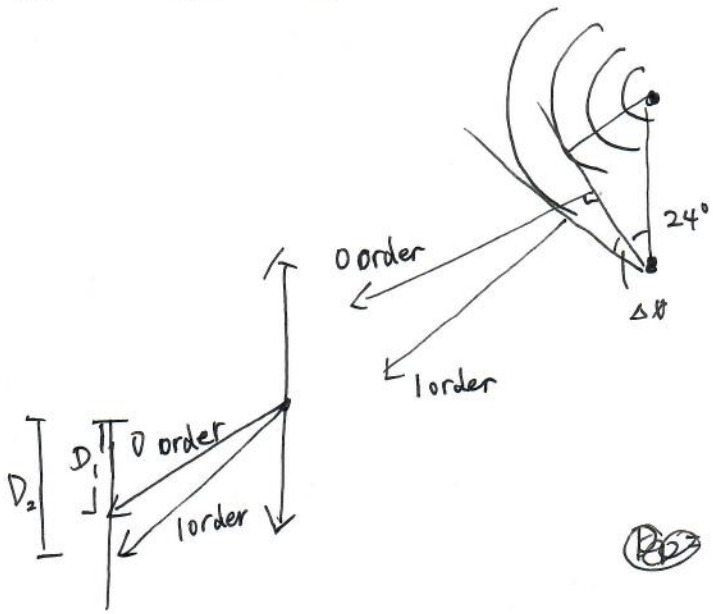
~~based on 2D discrete FFT, the M is~~ $\frac{S}{N}$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\lambda \cdot f}{\text{pitch}^2 \times N} \Rightarrow \frac{S}{N}$$

$$S = 2768.6 \text{ pixels}$$

\Rightarrow We should use ~~2768~~ ⁵⁵³⁷ pixel \times ~~2768~~ ⁵⁵³⁷ pixel for 2D FFT

② 24° correction



$$\Delta\theta \approx \frac{\lambda}{B \cdot \cos 24^\circ}$$

$$\approx \frac{0.09}{N} < 0.09 \text{ rad}$$

$$\approx 5.16^\circ$$

$$D_1 = f \cdot \tan 24^\circ$$

$$D_2 = f \cdot \tan(24^\circ + \Delta\theta)$$

The same $D_3 = f \cdot \tan(24^\circ - \Delta\theta)$
the 1st order
in other direction

$$\Delta D_{21} = f (\tan(24^\circ + \Delta\theta) - \tan 24^\circ)$$

$$\Delta D_{31} = f (\tan 24^\circ - \tan(24^\circ - \Delta\theta))$$

Comparing with small angle approximation

$$\Delta D_{21} = \Delta D_{31} = f \cdot \Delta\theta$$

~~ΔD_{21}~~

$$\Delta\theta = \frac{\lambda}{B} = 0.0837 / N$$

$\frac{\Delta D_{21}}{\Delta D_{21}^0} = 1.159$
$\frac{\Delta D_{31}}{\Delta D_{31}^0} = 1.087$

We may correct it or not

for vertical, it keeps the same